

Name:

11.1-11.3 Review

Solve the system of equations using Cramer's Rule if it is applicable. If Cramer's Rule is not applicable, say so.

$$x = \frac{D_x}{D} \quad y = \frac{D_y}{D}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 3y = 11 \\ 3x + 4y = 15 \end{cases}$$

$$x = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 11 & 3 \\ 15 & 4 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix}} = \frac{(44 - 45)}{(8 - 9)} = \frac{-1}{-1} = 1$$

<u>solution</u>
(1, 3)

$$y = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 11 \\ 3 & 15 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix}} = \frac{(30 - 33)}{(8 - 9)} = \frac{-3}{-1} = 3$$

Find the value of the determinant.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 9 & 0 & 0 \\ 7 & 2 & 4 \\ 7 & 7 & 7 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow 9 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 7 & 7 \end{vmatrix} - 0 \begin{vmatrix} 7 & 4 \\ 7 & 7 \end{vmatrix} + 0 \begin{vmatrix} 7 & 2 \\ 7 & 7 \end{vmatrix}$$
$$= 9(14 - 28) - 0 + 0$$

$D = -126$

Use Cramer's Rule,

$$x = \frac{D_x}{D} \quad y = \frac{D_y}{D} \quad z = \frac{D_z}{D}$$

$$3x + y + z = 3$$

$$2x + 2y + 5z = -1$$

$$x - 3y - 4z = 2$$

$$x = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & 5 \\ 2 & -3 & -4 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 \\ 1 & -3 & -4 \end{vmatrix}}$$

$$\rightarrow 3 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ -3 & -4 \end{vmatrix} - 1 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 5 \\ 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix} + 1 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$3(-8+15) - 1(4-10) + 1(3-4)$$

$$21 + 6 - 1 = 26$$

$$\rightarrow 3 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ -3 & -4 \end{vmatrix} - 1 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 1 & -4 \end{vmatrix} + 1 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$3(-8+15) - 1(-8-5) + 1(-6-2)$$

$$21 + 13 - 8 = 26$$

$x = 1$

Solution
(1, 1, -1)

$$D_y = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix} \rightarrow 3 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 5 \\ 2 & -4 \end{vmatrix} - 3 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 1 & -4 \end{vmatrix} + 1 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$3(4-10) - 3(-8-5) + 1(4+1)$$

$$-18 + 39 + 5 = 26$$

$y = 1$

$$D_z = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \rightarrow 3 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 1 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + 3 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 1 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$3(4-3) - 1(4+1) + 3(-6-2)$$

$$3 - 5 - 24 = -26$$

$z = -1$

Solve this matrix using reduced row echelon form.

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & 9 & -7 \\ 1 & 8 & 12 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_1 \leftrightarrow R_2} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 8 & 12 \\ 2 & 9 & -7 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{-2(R_1)+R_2 \\ =R_2}} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 8 & 12 \\ 0 & -7 & -31 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{R_2 = R_2 \\ \div -7}}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 8 & 12 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{31}{7} \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\substack{-8(R_2)+R_1 \\ =R_1}} \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 0 & \frac{22}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{31}{7} \end{array} \right]$$

Solution

$\left(\frac{22}{7}, \frac{31}{7} \right)$

Determine whether the system corresponding to the given augmented matrix is consistent or inconsistent. If it is consistent, give the solution.

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -7 & 9 \\ 0 & 1 & 8 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \underline{z} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow x - 7z = 9 \\ &x - 7(0) = 9 \\ &x = 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\rightarrow y + 8z = -2 \\ &y + 8(0) = -2 \\ &y = -2 \end{aligned}$$

Solution

$(9, -2, 0)$

Solve the system of equations by substitution.

$$\begin{cases} x + 7y = -2 \\ 3x + y = 34 \end{cases} \rightarrow x = -7y - 2$$

$$x = -7(-2) - 2$$

$$x = 14 - 2$$

$$\boxed{x = 12}$$

$$\rightarrow 3(-7y - 2) + y = 34$$

$$-21y - 6 + y = 34$$

$$-20y = 40$$

$$\boxed{y = -2}$$

$$\frac{\text{solution}}{(12, -2)}$$

Solve the system of equations.

$$\begin{cases} x + y + z = 7 \\ x - y + 2z = 7 \\ 5x + y + z = 11 \end{cases} \left. \begin{array}{l} R_1 + R_2 = (2x + 3z = 14) - 1 \\ R_2 + R_3 = 6x + 3z = 18 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$4x = 4$$

$$\boxed{x = 1}$$

$$\rightarrow 6(1) + 3z = 18$$

$$6 + 3z = 18$$

$$3z = 12$$

$$\boxed{z = 4}$$

$$\rightarrow x + y + z = 7$$

$$(1) + y + (4) = 7$$

$$y + 5 = 7$$

$$\boxed{y = 2}$$

$$\frac{\text{solution}}{(1, 2, 4)}$$

Write the augmented matrix of the given system of equations.

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 9y = 68 \\ -2y = -16 \end{cases}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & 9 & 68 \\ 0 & -2 & -16 \end{array} \right]$$

Write the system of equations corresponding to the given augmented matrix.

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & 7 & -10 \\ 2 & 2 & 20 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \longrightarrow 2x + 7y = -10 \\ \longrightarrow 2x + 2y = 20 \end{array}$$